PLTW Engineering Essentials Course Framework



PLTW Framework - Overview

PLTW Frameworks are representations of the knowledge, skills, and understandings that empower students to thrive in an evolving world. The PLTW Frameworks define the scope of learning and instruction within the PLTW curricula. The framework structure is organized by four levels of understanding that build upon each other: Knowledge and Skills, Objectives, Domains, and Competencies.

The most fundamental level of learning is defined by course Knowledge and Skills statements. Each Knowledge and Skills statement reflects specifically what students will know and be able to do after they've had the opportunity to learn the course content. Students apply Knowledge and Skills to achieve learning Objectives, which are skills that directly relate to the workplace or applied academic settings. Objectives are organized by higher-level Domains.

Domains are areas of in-demand expertise that an employer in a specific field may seek; they are key understandings and long-term takeaways that go beyond factual knowledge into broader, conceptual comprehension.

At the highest level, Competencies are general characterizations of the transportable skills that benefit students in various professional and academic pursuits. As a whole, the PLTW Frameworks illustrate the deep and relevant learning opportunities students experience from PLTW courses and demonstrate how the courses prepare students for life, not just the next grade level.

To thrive in an evolving world, students need skills that will benefit them regardless of the career path they choose. PLTW Frameworks are organized to showcase alignment to in-demand, transportable skills. This alignment ensures that students learn skills that are increasingly important in the rapidly advancing, innovative workplace.

Transportable Knopwledge and Skills

Core workplace skills that students and workers need to acquire, that can be used across all stages of
a career, and that, because of their universal utility, are transportable from job to job, from employer to
employer, across the economy.

Career Readiness (CAR):

STEM professionals use professional	skills an	id knowledg	ge to pursu	e opportui	nities and o	create
sustainable solutions to improve and e	enhance	the quality	of life of in	dividuals	and society	у.

CAR-A Demonstrate awa in an engineering			the e	educa	ition a	and s	kills r	equir	ed fo	or prof	essio	nal p	racti	ce
CAR-A.1 Define produ people	cts, te	echno	ologie						•				•	ved
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1 □	2.2	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
CAR-A.2 Identi discip and e proce mode	lines t xperie ssing	that a ence,	are ga inclu	ained ıding	from probl	spe	cialize solving	ed an g, the	d inte	ense e ign pr	educa ocess	ation, s, da	trair ta	ning,
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3	4.4
CAR-B Analyze the role	of eng	ginee	ring _l	orofe	ssion	als in	soci	ety.						
CAR-B.1 Descr electri														
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
CAR-B.2 Identi specif				discip	line e	exper	tise th	nat is	critic	cal to	the so	olutio	n of	a
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1 •	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 □	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4
CAR-C Develop a profes increasingly com									tidiso	ciplina	ıry so	lutior	is to	
CAR-C.1 Identi cultur	•			cont	empo	orary	engin	eerin	g iss	sues o	f loca	ıl, glc	bal,	and
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4
CAR-C.2 Descr why a in bet	n inte	rdisc	iplina	ary ap	proa	ch to	engir							
Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1 □	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 □	4.3	4.4

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COM-A.7 Practice active listening.

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4

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Communication (COM):

Successful engineering professionals demonstrate effective communication with a variety of audiences using multiple modalities.

COM-A Communicate effectively with an audience based on audience characteristics.

COM-A	1 Accord work in can foll	an o	rgan	ized	notek	ook	so th	at so							
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COM-A	2 Use tal written,							aking	argu	ment	ts and	l clain	ns in	oral,	
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓		1.4 •	2.1 ✓	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COM-A.	3 Initiate on-one culture: persua	, in g s, bu	roup ilding	s, ar	nd tea	cher-	·led)	with c	divers	se pa	rticipa	ants a	nd a	cross	3
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COM-A	4 Produc						_						orga	ıniza	tion,
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 •	2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COM-A.	5 Presen and log organiz purpos	ically ation	/ suc ı, de	h tha	at liste ment	ners , sub	can	follov	v the	line (of rea	sonin	g and	d the	
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 □	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COM-A	6 Make s and into findings	eract	ive e	leme	ents) i	n pre	sent	ations	s to e	nhar	nce ur				
	Lesson			1.3	1.4	2.1		2.3		3.2	3.3	4.1		4.3	4.4

2.1 2.2 2.3

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4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4

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3.1 3.2 3.3

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Collaboration (COL):

Successful engineerin COL-A Facilitate	• .						•					•	•	•	ms.
COL-A.	1 Develo	p and	d foll	ow te	eam r	norms	S.								
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COL-A.2	2 Monitor shared basic re approp	unde esolu	ersta Ition	nďin	g, cor	mmor	gro	und, a	and v	vorka	able s	olutio	ns. Id	lentif	y
	Lesson	1.1 ✓	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
COL-A.	3 Develo among	•				prod	ucts t	throu	gh po	sitive	e intei	depe	nden	ce	
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
COL-B Contribute	e individu	ally t	o ov	erall	colla	borat	ive e	fforts							
COL-B.	1 Describ team, ii team n	ncluc	ling o												
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COL-B.2	2 Suppor needed						orom	pting	and (offeri	ing as	sistar	nce, i	f	
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 •	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COL-B.	3 Presen team to													the	
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3 ✓		2.1	2.2 •		3.1	3.2 •	3.3 •	4.1 ✓	4.2 •	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COL-B.	4 Critical collabo	•			•			•				tions	and		
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2 ▼	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1 □	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
COL-C Analyze a	ınd evalu	ate t	he w	ork c	of oth	ers to	prov	/ide h	elpfu	l fee	dback	ζ.			
COL-C.	1 Describ	e the	e pur	pose	and	posit	ive o	utcor	nes c	of a p	eer re	eview	proc	ess.	
	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 •		2.1 □	2.2		3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
								_							

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COL-C.2 Pro	vide e	fective	e fee	dbacl	c to p	eers.								
Lesso		1 1.2			2.1		2.3	3.1		3.3			4.3	
	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ethical Reasoning and Mind	dset (ERM):												
Successful engineering probehaviors that involve consinatural world.)
ERM-A Apply personal characteristics							rds as	s they	/ rela	ite to t	he ha	abits	and	
	lain th r clien ountat	ts, and	d the	profe	ssion	with	a hig	gh de	gree	of ho	nesty	, inte	grity,	and
Lesso	on 1. ✓		1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
mer	nowle ideas ntors, o se imp	of oth emplo	ners. yers/	Demo teach	onstra ers, c	ite re	spec s, and	t and d othe	emp	athy f	or tea	amma	ates,	
Lesso	on 1. ✓		1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 □	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
ERM-B Consider the in the developme						ng so	lutior	is on	futur	e gen	eratio	ons to) info	rm
ERM-B.1 Exp imp	lain th acts o										nificar	ntly d	iffere	∍nt
Lesso	on 1.	1 1.2 _	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
relia	luate a rade-d ability, ironme	offs to and a	addr esthe	ess a etics,	rang	e of o	const	raints	s, inc	luding	cost	, safe		ed
Lesso	on 1. ✓	1 1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •			2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
effe	e action ethical ctively duct a	decis and e	ion-m efficie	nakino ently,	g prod and c	ess. onsi	Thisdering	s inclu g the	udes safe	using ty of th	natu nose	ral re	sour	ces
Lesso	on 1.	1 1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1 •		2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓

Ontiodi dia Orodino i rok	sion coming (cor).	
The skills necessary for s	students to generate ideas and	d solutions to problems.

Critical and Creative Pr	oblem-S	Solvir	ng (0	CCP):										
The skills necessary for CCP-A Demonstra goal.			_						•			comp	lishir	ng a	
CCP-A.1	Explain accomp					ne's	know	rledge	e and	skill	s in p	ursuit	of		
L	esson.	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4 •
CCP-A.2	Plan an direct o			ne ef	fective	ely in	purs	uit of	acco	mpli	shing	a goa	al wit	hout	
L	.esson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
CCP-A.3	Make a accomp				plan t	to gai	n ad	dition	al kn	owle	dge a	nd lea	arnin	g to	
L	.esson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
CCP-B Demonstra	ite creat	ivity,	flexi	bility	, and	adap	tabili	ity to	chan	ge.					
CCP-B.1	Ask nev	•	_	•			•				on an	idea	and (explo	ore
L	esson.	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
CCP-B.2	Succes							impa	ct wo	rk. A	dapt 1	to vari	ed ro	oles,	job
L	esson.	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	1.3	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
CCP-B.3	Seek or								ork aı	nd po	ositive	ely infl	uenc	e on	e's
L	.esson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
CCP-B.4	Reflect	critic	cally	on p	ast ex	perie	ences	s to in	form	futur	re pro	gress			
L	.esson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 •	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3 •	4.1	4.2 □		4.4 •
CCP-C Persevere	to solve	a pr	oble	m or	achie	eve a	goal								
CCP-C.1	Demon	strat	e risl	k tak	ing in	engi	neeri	ng, s	cienti	fic, o	r com	nputat	ional		

processes.

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4

Competencies, Domains, Objectives, Knowledge and Skills CCP-C.2 Demonstrate persistence in accomplishing a difficult challenge. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Lesson **✓ ✓ V ✓ V ✓ ✓** CCP-D Make judgments and decisions based on evidence. CCP-D.1 Find relevant data in credible sources such as literature, databases, and policy documents. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 ✓ **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-D.2 Collect, analyze, and interpret information relevant to the problem or opportunity at hand to support engineering decisions. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-D.3 Evaluate point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric in oral or written communication, and identify deficiencies, limitations, and biases. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Lesson **✓** ✓ **✓** ✓ CCP-D.4 Draw valid conclusions based on supporting evidence while acknowledging the limitations, opposing views, and biases. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** ✓ CCP-A Formulate a plan to solve an engineering problem or exploit an opportunity. CCP-A.1 Describe major steps of a design process and identify typical tasks involved in each step. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-A.2 Identify and explain the need for an engineering solution to a problem

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 4.4 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4

CCP-B Apply an iterative design process to creatively address a need or solve a problem.

CCP-B.1 Synthesize an ill-formed problem into a meaningful, well-defined problem using relevant information.

through the application of mathematics, science, and technology. (Many problems do not necessitate engineering solutions but can be solved without the application of mathematics, science, or advanced technology.)

	dentify criteria evaluat) and	d rea	listic	cons										
Le	esson	1.1	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3 •	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
I	∟ist pot solutior egal ar easibili	n. Exa nd reg	ampl gulat	es in ory,	clude ethic	e eco al, he	nomi alth a	c (cos and s	st), er afety	nviro	nmen	tal, so	ocial,	polit	ical,
Le	esson	1.1	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
CCP-B.4 /	Apply e creative											gene	rate ı	multi	ple
Le	esson	1.1 •	1.2 •	1.3 ✓	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
	Carry o selection constra	n of													
Le	esson	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
	Develop solution criteria.	to v													
Le	esson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3 •	1.4	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
	dentify solution and opt	i, the	n ite	rate	steps	•									_
Le	esson	1.1 □	1.2 •	1.3 •	1.4	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓		3.2 ✓		4.1	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
CCP-A Design an e	•		•			includ	des a	testa	able h	nypot	hesis	to in	/estig	gate a	a
	Develop esearc answer	h an	d su	ppor											
Le	esson	1.1	1.2	1.3 •		2.1 •			3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 □	4.4 □
CCP-A.2 I	dentify	and	expl	ain tl	he pu	ırpose	e and	l impo	ortano	ce of	expe	rimen	tal co	ontro	ls.
Le	esson	1.1	1.2		1.4	2.1		2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	4.3	4.4

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Competencies, Domains, Objectives, Knowledge and Skills CCP-A.3 Identify and distinguish between the independent and dependent variables. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Lesson **✓** ✓ **✓** CCP-A.4 Identify best strategies and appropriate tools for data collection, documentation, and analysis. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-B Perform an experiment to collect and analyze data to draw conclusions. CCP-B.1 Summarize the objective and relevancy of an experiment. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 Lesson ✓ **✓ ✓** CCP-B.2 Read and accurately follow established protocols and instructions. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** ✓ **✓ ✓** CCP-B.3 Identify possible sources of errors, if they exist, and redesign and repeat the experiment when appropriate. 2.1 2.2 2.3 Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-B.4 Identify strengths, weaknesses, limitations, and next steps of a study. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓** CCP-C Accurately represent experimental data using appropriate visualization techniques or statistical models. CCP-C.1 Graphically represent experimental data for a single count or measurement with charts and/or plots on the real number line, such as box plots. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓** CCP-C.2 Use statistics apppropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare

different data sets. Interpret differences in shape, center, and spread in the context of the data sets.

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 | 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 |

center (median, mean) and spread (interquartile range) of two or more

CCP-C.3 Organize and display experimental data to effectively communicate information.

CCP-C.4 Draw conclusions related to the hypothesis and support those conclusions using experimental data.	
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	1
CCP-A Apply systems thinking to consider how an engineering problem and its solution may be thought of as containing subsystems and as being a subsystem of a larger system.	
CCP-A.1 Describe a system in terms of its components and/or subsystems and their interactions (e.g., describe the components of an electronic circuit, including source, path, and load; describe how an electronic circuit provide power to a larger system to produce mechanical motion; describe the subsystems of a building, including power system, communication system, lighting system, ventilation system, water system, sewer system, safety system, social system, transportation system, structural system, and so on describe how the water system and sewer system interact in your home). Predict what the effect of making a change to a component of a system will have on the system as a whole.	s ;
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.2	ļ
CCP-A.2 Predict the local and global risks and impacts of an engineering decision/solution (e.g., society, the economy, the environment), including some that were not anticipated.	
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3 4.3	ŀ
CCP-B Assess the sustainability of an engineering solution based on the impacts (within the system or interrelated systems) that result from implementation of the solution.	
CCP-B.1 Define sustainability and identify principles that help guide development of sustainable solutions.	
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.4	ļ
CCP-A Apply project management tools when designing and developing a solution to successfully deliver a product using available resources.	
CCP-A.1 Explain the process of project management and the importance of phases such as initiating, planning, executing, and closing.	
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	ļ
CCP-A.2 Define the project deliverables and contraints, such as scope, time, cost, quality, resources, and risk.	
Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.2 4.3 4.2	ļ

CCP-A.3	Develop among project.	tean	•			`			•			, .			
Ĺ	Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
					✓			•			✓		✓	✓	✓
CCP-A.4	Select a														
l	Lesson	1.1 •	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1 •		2.3 •	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
						l .			1			1			

Technical Knowledge and Skills

Every	/ career	field requires	s technical	literacy ar	d career	-specific	knowledge	and sk	ills to	support
profe	ssional	practice.								

Algorithms and Programming (AAP):

Computational thinking is a critical part of a problem-solving process that supports the ability to interpret complex, open-ended problems across all disciplines.

AAP-A	Apply problem	decomposition	skills to brea	k down	data,	problems,	and p	processes	into
	manageable pa	arts.							

manage	able parts														
AAP-A	A.1 Separa implem													е	
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	1.4 •	2.1 •	2.2 ✓	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
AAP-B Use algo	orithms to	creat	te a s	soluti	on w	ith or	witho	out th	e use	of a	com	puter	prog	ram.	
AAP-E	B.1 Follow bring a	•				, .	rithm	accı	uratel	y to a	accon	nplish	a ta	sk or	•
	Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 •	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 □
AAP-E	3.2 Identify tasks.	/ patt	erns	in ar	n algo	orithm	to m	nodul	arize	and/	or ite	ate re	epetit	ive	
	Lesson	1.1	1.2 •	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 •	2.3	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3	4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
AAP-E	3.3 Write a multipl result.														
	multiple discrete steps to accomplish a complex task or achieve a desired result. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4														
AAP-E	3.4 Implen	nent a	and a	analy	ze al	gorith	ms ເ	sing	condi	itiona	al logi	C.			
	Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
AAP-C Formula	ite solutior	ns tha	at us	e aut	omat	ion a	nd pr	ograr	nmin	g to s	solve	a pro	blem		
AAP-C	C.1 Interpri						with	in var	ious	appli	catior	ns to (descr	ibe t	he
	Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3	4.4
AAP-C	C.2 Create a micro	•	•	•	d/or n	nodify	a pr	ograr	n to r	nana	ige in	puts a	ınd o	utpu	ts of

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3

4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4

Competencies, Domains, Objectives, Knowledge and Skills AAP-C.3 Use web or mobile development to contribute to the solution of a problem. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 ✓ **✓ ✓ ✓** AAP-C.4 Create programs by writing and testing code in a modular, incremental approach. 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓** AAP-C.5 Improve readability of code by creating or improving documentation, using self-documenting variable and function names, and using comments in a program. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 knowledge of a programming language or to achieve a computational approach to solving a problem. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 **✓ ✓** AAP-D Collect, organize, and analyze data to help define and/or solve a problem. AAP-D.1 Populate a spreadsheet application with data and organize the data to be useful in accomplishing a specific goal. 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 **✓**

4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 AAP-C.6 Explore and use documentation and public information to extend one's own 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 AAP-D.2 Use the functions and tools within a spreadsheet application to manipulate, analyze, and present data in a useful way, including graphs, regression analyses, and descriptive statistical analyses. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 ✓ **✓** П **✓** П AAP-D.3 Create or convert electronically stored data and/or computer models to appropriate formats that can be utilized by other tools or applications (such as rapid prototyping equipment, Global Information Systems, spreadsheet applications, and so on.) Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓** ✓ **✓ ✓** AAP-E Apply abstraction to generalize problems and solutions.

AAP-E.1 Identify what has been made more general by an abstraction and what details have been hidden or removed. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 3.1 3.2 3.3

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AAP-E.2 Disting they re	•		_	•	•	narad	cteris	tics c	or pny	/sicai	syste	ms a	na n	ow
Lesson	•			1.4	i	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
Foundations in Math and Engi	neeri	ng S	ciend	ce (Fl	MS):									
Engineering practice requires phenomena to solve problems FMS-A Measure quantities				J				princ	ciples	s and	scien	tific		
FMS-A.1 Accura	ately r	meas	sure	curre	nt, vo	ltage	, and	or re	esista	ance v	vithin	a cir	cuit.	
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3 ✓	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
FMS-B Use physical prop to satisfy physical								nple,	desi	gn an	objed	et or s	struct	ture
FMS-B.1 Solve and su triangle sphere	ırface es, qı	area	a of t	wo- a	and th	ree-c	dimen	nsion	al ob	jects (comp	oseď	of	
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 ✓	4.2	4.3 ✓	4.4
FMS-B.2 Solve of a ge				hypo	thetic	al m	athen	natica	al pro	blem	s invo	lving	yolu	ıme
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3 •	1.4	2.1 •	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 ✓	4.4
FMS-B.3 Solve of a co proper area, o	mpoi	nent. elate	(De d to	nsity	could	inclu	ıde m	ass (or we	eight c	lensit	y, or	othe	
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3 ✓	1.4	2.1 •	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
FMS-C Calculate quantitie	es as	socia	ated '	with a	an ele	ctrica	al circ	uit.						
FMS-C.1 Calcul	ate ci	rcuit	resis	stanc	e, cur	rent,	and v	volta	ge wi	thin a	circu	it.		
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
FMS-C.2 Explain of ene		v ene	ergy i	s cor	verte	d bet	weer	n elec	trica	l ener	gy an	d oth	er fo	rms
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	3.3 •	4.1	4.2 □	4.3 □	4.4

Modeling (MOD):

Modeling is used to represent ideas and simulate objects, processes, or systems to help us understand, evaluate, and predict the behavior of real phenomena

MOD-A Develop models and simulations to represent information, processes, and/or objects to an appropriate level of abstraction for the intended purpose.

MOD-A.1	Recogna compaccura (potenti object, model. accura	olex p tely re tial or syste (Lim	henorepreson (henorepreson) real) em, or	menonents the between the processing the processing mayers and the processing mayers.	, and t e real en mod ss that includ	here i objec del be it rep e spe	is no t or pl havio reser cific o	guara henor or and ots, a chara	antee meno I the nd ic cteris	that on. List behar lentify stics b	the met differ the vior of the	odel erend f the ations	ces real s of t	
İ	Lesson	J		•	_		•			,	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4

MOD-A.2 Develop a model to accurately represent information or important characteristics of an object, data, process, or design idea for an intended purpose. [Notes on scope: The intended purpose may vary and could include organizing information to show relationships; providing a visual representation of the object/design to demonstrate how the object might "look"; a functional model to demonstrate the operation; a prototype of a specific component to test fit, performance, durability, or compatibility with other components in a system; and so on. The model could be a conceptual model, a mathematical model, a computer/virtual model, or a physical model, as appropriate for the testing scenario.]

Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

MOD-A.3 Use a mathematical model (e.g., algorithms, equations, graphs, Boolean expressions, truth table) to represent data, describe relationships, describe processes, and to make predictions in the context of the problem.

Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

MOD-B Use spatial visualization to interpret graphical representations of physical objects.

MOD-B.1 Combine or group solid geometric primitives to create more complex, threedimensional objects using the additive solid modeling method.

Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
					✓	✓	✓							

MOD-B.2 Combine or group solid geometric primitives to remove a portion of one or more objects to create a more complex, three-dimensional object using the subtractive solid modeling method.

Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4
					✓	✓	✓							

✓

	MOD-B.3 Create precise intrec-dimensional models using alignment, grid, and parametric modeling features within a computer-aided design application. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 (Includes building solid objects, electrical circuits, mechanical devises, and complex systems according to technical drawings.) Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 3.1 4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1															
		Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4							4.1	4.2 □	4.3	4.4
	MOD-B.	(Includ comple	es bu ex sys	uildin stem	g sol s acc	lid ob cordir	jects, ng to t 2.1	elec echr 2.2	trical nical c 2.3	circu Irawii 3.1	its, n ngs.) 3.2	necha	nical 4.1	devis	ses, a	
MOD-C	Create te	chnical d	rawir	ngs.												
	MOD-C.	using to	the ac	tual objed 1.2	obje ct, or 1.3	ct, a c set c 1.4	detaile of orth 2.1	ed ve ogra 2.2	erbal ophic phic phic phic phic phic phic phic	descr oroje	riptio ction:	n of ths.	ne obj	ect,	picto	
MOD-D		•									•	objec	ets, as	ssem	blies	, or
	MOD-D.	accura idea or geome and dir (i.e., de	tely real tric (h nensi ensity	epre obje noriz ional v, col	sent ct. [S ontal con or, te	the p Scope I, vert strain	hysice: Thistical, parts, as e, and	al ch s cou parall s well so c 2.2	aractorial aractorial incoming	eristion Elude Erpen Prodeli	cs ar the a dicul ing o	nd beh approp ar, tai ther p	navior priate ngent physic	s of a appl , con al pro	a des icatio icent opert	sign on of ric) ties
	MODD	o Simulo	<u> </u>	∐ oiroui	it wai				ļ							
	IVIOD-D	Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2					
MOD-E											imp	ortant	infor	matic	on,	
	MOD-E.	purpos	es to	acq												atial
		Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •
	MOD-E.	2 Differe	ntiate	bet	weer	spa	tial ar	nd att	ribute	info	rmat	ion on	a ma	ap.		
		Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3		4.2 •		

Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4														
MOD-E.4 Use GIS technology to demonstrate spatial thinking and problem-solving. Lesson 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4														
MOD-E.4 Use GI	S tec	chnol	ogy	to de	mons	trate	spati	al thi	nking	g and	proble	em-s	olvin	g.
Lesson	1.1	1.2 ✓	1.3	1.4 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
IOD-E.5 Use GIS technology to identify and analyze spatial patterns within maps and data.														
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4 •	2.1 □	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1 •	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 ✓
MOD-E.6 Use Gl location using a	ns ar	id att	ribut	es of	natui	al ar	nd ma	ın-ma	ide f					
Lesson	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	4.1	4.2 ✓	4.3 ✓	4.4 •