PLTW Civil Engineering and Architecture Course Framework



PLTW Framework - Overview

PLTW Frameworks are representations of the knowledge, skills, and understandings that empower students to thrive in an evolving world. The PLTW Frameworks define the scope of learning and instruction within the PLTW curricula. The framework structure is organized by four levels of understanding that build upon each other: Knowledge and Skills, Objectives, Domains, and Competencies.

The most fundamental level of learning is defined by course Knowledge and Skills statements. Each Knowledge and Skills statement reflects specifically what students will know and be able to do after they've had the opportunity to learn the course content. Students apply Knowledge and Skills to achieve learning Objectives, which are skills that directly relate to the workplace or applied academic settings. Objectives are organized by higher-level Domains.

Domains are areas of in-demand expertise that an employer in a specific field may seek; they are key understandings and long-term takeaways that go beyond factual knowledge into broader, conceptual comprehension.

At the highest level, Competencies are general characterizations of the transportable skills that benefit students in various professional and academic pursuits. As a whole, the PLTW Frameworks illustrate the deep and relevant learning opportunities students experience from PLTW courses and demonstrate how the courses prepare students for life, not just the next grade level.

To thrive in an evolving world, students need skills that will benefit them regardless of the career path they choose. PLTW Frameworks are organized to showcase alignment to in-demand, transportable skills. This alignment ensures that students learn skills that are increasingly important in the rapidly advancing, innovative workplace.

Essential Questions

- 1.1 1 How has the work of civil engineers and architects shaped society? How is the work of civil engineers and architects shaped by society?
- 1.1 2 What is the difference between the art of architecture and civil engineering and the science of architecture and civil engineering?
- 1.1 3 How will civil engineers contribute to the solutions of the Grand Challenges for Engineering? Choose one challenge and describe how civil engineers will most likely contribute to a solution.
- 1.2 1 What abilities and/or interests do you possess that could translate to a career field related to civil engineering or architecture?
- 1.2 2 What strategy would you use to form a design team to obtain the best design possible?
- 1.2 3 Is it ever advantageous to create a design or solve a problem individually as opposed to using a team approach? Explain.
- 2.1 1 How would you decide the style of roof to use when designing a house? List at least three considerations.
- 2.1 2 Is it important for an architect to know the details of how residential buildings are constructed in order to design a house? Explain.
- 2.1 3 How has the use of 3D modeling software affected the design and construction industry?

- 2.2 1 If a cost estimate indicates that a residential design is significantly over budget, what changes would you consider to reduce the cost of the project? List at least three changes. Would these changes result in higher or lower long-term or maintenance cost of the project? List at least three changes. Would these changes result in higher or lower long-term or maintenance costs?
- 2.2 2 It has been said that, "Having a vision without action is a daydream; Taking action without a vision is a nightmare!" How does this apply to architectural design?
- 2.3 1 It has been said that "Having a vision without action is a daydream; Taking action without a vision is a nightmare!" How does this apply to architectural/engineering design?
- 2.3 2 How would you describe the computational thinking and mathematical skills necessary to properly design a home and perform a cost estimate? Are different computational/mathematical skills necessary to design and analyze the water supply and plumbing system
- 2.3 3 Is it an ethical responsibility of architects/engineers to create sustainable designs regardless of project cost? Justify your position.
- 2.3 4 What green or sustainable technique could you incorporate at home (or could have been incorporated during the design and construction phases) to reduce the negative environmental impact of your home and its operation in each of the major sustainability focus areas: water, energy, building materials, and solid waste? Give one example in each area of focus and explain.
- 2.3 5 Do building codes make the practice of architecture and engineering easier or more difficult? Explain.
- 3.1 1 What is the difference between land use regulations and building code requirements?
- 3.1 2 How do land development regulations help or hinder development in a community?
- 3.1 3 Use an analogy to compare residential construction and commercial construction, and fill in the blanks: ______ versus ______. Support your answer with specific examples of construction practices.
- 3.1 4 Are building code requirements too strict to allow creativity and unconventional design solutions?
- 3.2 1 How would you describe the mathematical skills and knowledge necessary to analyze and design a structure to a student who is thinking about taking CEA?
- 3.2 2 What cross-sectional shape provides the strongest beam? Justify your answer.
- 3.2 3 Why do buildings fall down? How can we prevent future structural failures?
- 3.2 4 What does the expression, "Form follows Function" mean? How does it relate to structural engineering?
- 3.3 1 How does the design of the utility systems for a building affect the overall design of the building?
- 3.3 2 How does the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) support the goal of green building and sustainable architecture?
- 3.4 1 How does residential building project design differ from commercial building project design? Describe at least three differences and three similarities.
- 3.4 2 How could differential surveying be used by a typical homeowner to provide better results for home improvement projects? Explain using at least two home improvement project examples.

- 3.4 3 What does the aboriginal proverb "touch the earth lightly" mean with respect to building project design and development? What current design and construction practice best represents this philosophy? Explain your answer.
- 4.1 1 If you had to describe one strategy that would most help an architect/engineer to be a good and effective building project designer, what would it be?
- 4.1 2 Stephen Covey includes "Begin with the End in Mind" as one of the seven habits listed in his book, The 7 Habits of Highly Effective People. How can this habit make an engineer/architect more effective?
- 4.2 1 How important is it to an architect's or civil engineer's success that s/he possess "people skills"? Justify your answer.

Transportable Knowledge and Skills

Core workplace skills that students and workers need to acquire, that can be used across all stages of a career, and that, because of their universal utility, are transportable from job to job, from employer to employer, across the economy.

Career Readiness (CAR):

Engineers use professional skills and knowledge to pursue opportunities and create sustainable solutions to improve and enhance the quality of life of individuals and society.

CAR-A. Understand the educational, professional, and technical skills required for professional engineering practice.

CAR-A.1 Describe the educational and professional licensure requirements for professional engineers and architects.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

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CAR-B. Describe the role of engineers in society.

CAR-B.1 Define engineering as the creation of solutions, such as new and improved products, technologies, systems and processes), to meet the needs of people and society.

CAR-C. Describe and distinguish among the sub-disciplines of civil engineering and architecture.

CAR-C.1 Describe the primary duties of a civil engineer and the primary duties of an architect.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

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CAR-C.2 Explain that engineering disciplines continue to evolve and emerge as new interdisciplinary fields or sub-disciplines to better meet the needs of society. Examples include

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

Communication (COM):

Engineering practice requires effective communication with a variety of audiences using multiple modalities.

COM-A. Communicate effectively with an audience based on audience characteristics.

COM-A.1 Adhere to established conventions of written, oral, and electronic communications (grammar, spelling, usage, and mechanics).

COM-A.2	Follow acce presentation	•	e forn	nats f	or te	chnic	al wri	ting a	and p	orofes	siona	I
	Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	2.1 ✓	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1 •	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4 •	4.1 •	4.2 ✓
COM-A.3	Describe ch tempo, eye delivery to c	conta	ict, ar	ticula	ition,	and e	energ	y). V	ary t	hese	eleme	ents of
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1	4.2 ✓
Collaboration (COL):												
Demonstrate an ability COL-A. Facilitate a				•	•			icces	sful	goal a	attainı	ment.
COL-A.1	Describe the collaborative			ndivid	ual r	oles a	and in	terde	epen	denci	es of	a
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
COL-A.2	Describe the a team.	e imp	ortan	ce of	tean	n norn	ns an	d he	lp de	velop	those	e norms for
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2
COL-A.3	Solicit, nego solutions.						,					
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
COL-A.4	Identify, desorther) discip	lines	that	, might	worl	k toge	ther t					
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
COL-A.5	Describe a develop inno											charrette to
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
COL-B. Contribute	individually t	o ove	erall c	ollab	orativ	e effo	orts.					
COL-B.1	Describe on team.	e's ir	divid	ual ro	le ar	nd exp	ectat	ions	of pe	erform	nance	within the
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 ✓

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COL-B.2 Critically ai collaboration			•			•	onal	con	tribut	ions a	nd	
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 ✓	
COL-C. Manage project timelir	nes ar	nd res	ource	es as	part o	of an	engii	neeri	ing de	esign _l	orocess	
COL-C.1 Explain the elements, s identificatio project on t	such a on and	as time	elines	s, sch	nedule	es, ta	sk as	sign	ment	s, and		a
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2	
COL-C.2 Develop a	projed	ct plan	usin	gap	rojec	t plan	ning	tool	such	as a (Gantt ch	nart.
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2	
Ethical Reasoning and Mindset (E	RM):											
Successful engineering profession behaviors that involve consideration natural world.												ne
ERM-A. Assess an engineering	g ethic	cal dile	emma	а.								
ERM-A.1 Explain tha on an indiv can be env	iduaľ,	socie	ty, ar	nd the	e natu	ıral w	orld.	The	natu	re of t	hese im	
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2	
ERM-B. Strive to create sustain compromising the abil									ety, w	vithout	:	
ERM-B.1 Identify prii Considerat profit.												
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □	
ERM-B.2 Describe the consumption												ess.
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2	

Critical and Creative Problem-Solvi	ng (C	CCP):									
The skills necessary for students to CCP-A. Exhibit an engineering direction in pursuit of action in pursuit of ac	mind ccom	set by plishi	dem ng a	onst goal.	rating	inde	pend	lent t	hinkir		
CCP-A.1 Plan and us oversight.	e tim	e in p	oursui	t of a	ccom	plishi	ing a	goa	l with	out dir	ect
Lesson:		1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
CCP-A.2 Plan how to	gain	addit	tional	knov	vledge	and	lear	ning	to ac	compl	ish a goal.
Lesson:	1.1 •		2.1			3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2
CCP-B. Exhibit an engineering CCP-B.1 Adapt to var		•			Ŭ		•		•	•	•
Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 ✓
CCP-C. Explain and justify an e CCP-C.1 Describe ma in each step	ajor s	_		•			and i	denti	fy typ	ical ta	sks involved
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
CCP-C.2 Identify the	step	in wh	ich ar	n eng	ineeri	ng ta	sk w	ould	fit in	a desi	gn process.
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
CCP-C.3 Document a practices.	desi	ign pr	oces	s in a	n eng	ineer	ing r	notek	ook a	accord	ling to best
Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1 •	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
CCP-D. Collect, analyze, and in hand to support engine					elevar	nt to t	he p	roble	em or	oppor	tunity at
CCP-D.1 Explain the	role o	of res	earch	in th	e pro	cess	of de	esign			
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	_	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □
CCP-D.2 Find relevar policy docur			redib	le so	urces,	sucl	n as	litera	iture,	datab	ases, and
Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2 ✓	2.1 ✓	2.2 ✓	2.3 •	3.1 ✓	3.2 ✓	3.3 ✓	3.4 ✓	4.1 ✓	4.2 □

	Explain the iprocess.	role c	of sta	kehol	ders	and s	ubjec	t ma	tter	exper	ts in tl	ne design	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □	
CCP-E. Synthesize	an ill-formed	d pro	blem	into a	a mea	aningf	ul, we	ell-de	efine	d prob	olem.		
	Explain the i opportunity, solutions.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □	
·	ldentify and with realistic evaluated.									_			
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1 ✓	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	
	List potentia Examples in health and s	clude	e eco	nomi	c (co	st), er	viron	men	tal, s	ocial,	politi	cal, ethica	l,
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1 □	2.2	2.3 •	3.1 ☑	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4 •	4.1 •	4.2 □	
CCP-F. Generate m	nultiple poter	ntials	soluti	on co	ncep	ts.							
	Represent c graphs, and										s ske	tches,	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2 •	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1 ✓	3.2 ▼	3.3 ✓	3.4 •	4.1 •	4.2 □	
CCP-G. Develop mo making, tes	odels to repr et alternative			_				gene	rate	data t	o info	rm decisio	'n
	Describe the physical sys or expertise	tem.	Inclu	de th	e ide	ntifica	tion o	of co	nstra	ints, s	•		
	Lesson:		1.2		2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □	
	Define vario processes, c and virtual re each.	or de	signs	such	as p	hysic	al pro	totyp	oes,	mathe	ematic	al models	,
	Lesson:	1.1 ✓	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ▼	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □	

- CCP-H. Select a solution path from many options to successfully address a problem or opportunity.
 - CCP-H.1 Explain that there are often multiple viable solutions and no obvious best solution. Trade-offs must be considered and evaluated consistently throughout an engineering design process.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | 4.1 4.2 |

Technical Knowledge and Skills

Every career	field requires technical	literacy and care	er-specific know	ledge and skills to	support
professional	practice.				

Building Design and Construction Documentation (BDC):

Architects and engineers use 3D modeling software to aid in the design and documentation of building projects.

- BDC-A. Use Architectural 3D modeling software to document the design and specify the construction of a building project.
 - BDC-A.1 Identify and describe the typical components of a given architectural view or drawing component, including a schedule, site plan, floor plan, building section, or elevations.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

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BDC-A.2 Read and interpret drawings related to the design and construction of a building project.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

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Building Design and Analysis (BDA):

Architects apply art and science to plan, design, and analyze buildings and built environments to meet human needs that reflect functional, technical, social, environmental, and aesthetic considerations.

- BDA-A. Create building designs that successfully address and reflect the building's intended function, location, community, and desired aesthetic presentation.
 - BDA-A.1 Explain how historical innovations have contributed to the evolution of civil engineering and architecture.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | 4.1 4.2

BDA-A.2 Identify and describe the principles and elements of design as used in architectural works.

BDA-A.3 Determine the architectural style of a building through identification of building features, components, and materials.

BDA-A.4 Identify common roof styles and describe advantages and disadvantages of each style.

Lesson: 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | 4.1 4.2 |

BDA-A.5 Investigate to consider the											
Lesson:		1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2		3.4		4.2
BDA-B. Develop a sustainable a with applicable codes a the needs of the client.											
BDA-B.1 Identify loca a given deve											with which
Lesson:			2.1				3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
BDA-B.2 Identify com	pone	ents c	of a ty	pical	wood	resid	dentia	al fra	ming	syste	m.
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
BDA-B.3 Identify app structures (f								gn o	f affo	rdable	residential
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
BDA-B.4 Describe the residential d	•	•	and g	give e	examp	oles o	f uni	versa	al des	sign co	oncepts in
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-B.5 Explain the certification							nd Ei	nviro	nmer	ntal De	esign)
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
BDA-B.6 Identify app residential p			EED f	or Ho	omes	credi	ts av	ailab	le for	a give	en
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-C. Create a commercial but complies with applicabl BDA-C.1 Classify a co	e co	des a	nd re	quire	ments	5.					
construction											
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □

BDA-C.2	Use applications								ulati	ons to	ident	ify zoning
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	
BDA-C.3	Identify com					•		•				
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-C.4	Identify and appropriate strength, aes	syste	m fo	r a giv	en c	omme	ercial					
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-C.5	Identify and select an ap materials, st	prop	riate	syste	m for	a giv	en co					
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-C.6	Identify the p											_
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-C.7	Identify sust a given com				prad	ctices	that a	are a	ppro	priate	for th	ne design of
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •		3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-D. Accurately	determine a	n est	imate	ed cos	st of a	a sma	ll buil	ding	proj	ect.		
BDA-D.1	Apply basic construct a s						e qua	ntity	of m	ateria	als nee	eded to
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
BDA-E. Select build energy per	ding compon formance an						•	es th	at w	ill imp	rove l	ouilding
BDA-E.1	Use energy envelope.	code	s to d	detern	nine	the m	inimu	ım re	quire	ement	ts for a	a building
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2

and the rela	_	etween the tw		t-value and U-ractor
Lesson:	1.1 1.2	2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □
BDA-E.3 Determine the multiple build			wall or roof section	composed of
Lesson:		2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 □
BDA-E.4 Compare the components		resistance of t specific ther		nts and select
Lesson:			3.1 3.2 3.3 3	
BDA-E.5 Calculate the conditions a		s for a building for the projec		environmental
Lesson:	1.1 1.2	2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 □
		rvation require Conservation (building based on the
Lesson:	1.1 1.2	2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 □
Engineering Tools and Technology	(ETT):			
The practice of engineering require engineering tools, techniques, and ETT-A. Using a variety of meas	technolog	ies.		
a precision appropriate	_	•	and report quant	
ETT-A.1 Use dimensi consistent u				nsform data to purpose or model.
Lesson:	1.1 1.2	2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 ✓ □ □
ETT-B. Use a spreadsheet app	lication to	help identify a	and/or solve a prol	blem.
ETT-B.1 Populate a s useful in acc	•	eet application ng a specific g	•	anize the data to be
Lesson:			3.1 3.2 3.3 3	
ETT-C. Apply mathematical mo predictions.	dels and	interpret the o	utput of models to	test ideas or make
ETT-C.1 Represent d how the vari			variables on a sca	atter plot and describe
Lesson:	1.1 1.2	2.1 2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2 3.3 3	3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □
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ETT-C.2 Fit a function the context functions.											
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
ETT-C.3 In linear mo (constant te							ge (sl	ope)	and t	he int	ercept
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
ETT-D. Construct physical obje	cts to	o repr	esen	t des	ign id	eas.					
ן ETT-D.1 Describe a communica				•	•	•			on a	conce	ptual
Lesson:	1.1 •	1.2	2.1 •	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 •	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
ETT-E. Apply computational th	inking	g to g	enera	alize a	and s	olve a	a pro	blem	using	g a co	mputer.
ETT-E.1 Interact with research.	con	tent-s	pecifi	ic mo	dels	and s	imula	ation	to su	pport	learning and
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1 ✓	3.2 •	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □
ETT-E.2 Use modelir phenomena	_	ıd sim	nulatio	on to	repre	sent a	and ι	unde	rstand	d natu	ral
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
Site Design (SID):											
Building professionals consider a waste specific characteristics, local resustainability, and a sense of place SID-A. Complete a control sur	egula e.	tions	and c	odes	s, safe	ety an	d fur	nctio	nality,	aesth	netics,
SID-A.1 Describe the	•			•							
		1.2			2.3			3.3	•	1	4.2
Lesson:		□ □	Z. I	∠.∠	∠. 3	J. I	J.∠	ა.ა □	3.4 ✓	4.1	4.∠
SID-A.2 Use an auto elevation of				nine t	he ele	evatio	n of	a po	int of	intere	st given the
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2		3.4 •	4.1	4.2 □
SID-A.3 Document to protocol.	he co	mple	tion c	of a le	evel lo	op us	sing a	acce	pted l	and s	urveying
Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4 ✓	4.1	4.2 □

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SID-B. Strategically locate a			based on	orientatio	n, site-spe	cific
		that sho	uld be take			astructure, and n locating a
Lesso	on: 1.1 1	.2 2.1	2.2 2.3 □ ☑	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4	4.1 4.2 ✓ □
SID-B.2 Identify i orientation		site-speci	fic charact	eristics th	at will affe	ct building
Lesso		.2 2.1	2.2 2.3 □ ✓	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4	4.1 4.2 ✓ □
SID-B.3 Create a characte			map to ide considerati		ive and ne	gative site
Lesso	on: 1.1 1	.2 2.1	2.2 2.3 □ ☑	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4	4.1 4.2 □ □
SID-C. Analyze a site soil s designation and pre						
SID-C.1 Explain t building	site to the	developr	nent of the	e site.	•	esent on a
Lesso	on: 1.1 1	.2 2.1	2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4 □ ✓	4.1 4.2 □ □
SID-C.2 Perform	a sieve ar	alysis of	a soil sam	ple.		
Lesso	on: 1.1 1		2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4 □ •	4.1 4.2 □ □
SID-C.3 Describe plasticity	the comp			nple using	g soil type,	gradation and/or
Lesso	on: 1.1 1	.2 2.1	2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4 □ •	4.1 4.2 □ □
SID-D. Develop a site plan incorporates Low Im			•	•	with buildin	ng codes and
SID-D.1 Identify t	he bounda	aries of a	property b	ased on i	ts legal de	scription.
Lesso	on: 1.1 1		2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2		4.1 4.2 ✓ □
SID-D.2 Design a for a con	ppropriate nmercial fa		an access	, vehicula	r access, a	and a parking lot
Lesso	on: 1.1 1	.2 2.1	2.2 2.3	3.1 3.2	3.3 3.4 □ ✓	4.1 4.2 ✓ □

010 0.0	Explain the	impa	ct of	site d	evelo	pmer	nt on	storn	n wat	ter rur	noff.	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2		2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4 •	4.1	4.2 □
SID-D.4	Calculate th	e sto	rm wa	ater r	unoff	from	a site	e bef	ore a	and af	ter de	velopment.
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1		2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4 •	4.1 •	4.2 □
SID-D.5	Create a pre	elimir	nary d	esigr	for a	a stori	n wa	ter st	orag	e faci	lity.	
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4 ✓	4.1 •	4.2 □
SID-D.6	Identify and site develop			e pur	pose	of Lo	w Im	pact	Deve	elopm	ent te	echniques in
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4 ✓	4.1	4.2 □
Structural Design (SDI	Ε):											
Building professionals criteria based on safet SDE-A. Determine	y, serviceabi building des	lity, a	and pe	erforn	nanc	e.						
bullaing sti	ructure.											
	ructure. Given a stru applied load		al forn	n, des	scribe	e how				esists		
	Given a stru	s.			2.2		the s	truct	ure r	3.4	and	
SDE-A.1	Given a stru applied load	ls. 1.1 diffe e stru	1.2 □ rentia	2.1 Ite be	2.2 \(\text{ } \) twee ign o	2.3 In the fabu	the s	3.2 ✓ us de , incl	3.3 Gesign	3.4 □ n load	and 4.1 w s that	transfers 4.2 □ may
SDE-A.1	Given a struapplied load Lesson: Identify and influence the	1.1 diffe stru	1.2 	2.1 Ite bear desidered and the second secon	2.2 utwee ign o d ear	2.3 In the f a burth present	3.1 vario ilding	3.2 ✓ us de , incle	3.3 assignated by the second control of the	3.4 loads g dea	s and 4.1 ✓ s that d, live	transfers 4.2 may s, snow,
SDE-A.1 SDE-A.2	Given a struapplied load Lesson: Identify and influence the wind, earthor	different structure of the structure of	1.2 rential cuctural e, floo	2.1 Lite be li des d, an Lite control	2.2 tweetign od ear 2.2 crre	2.3 In the f a burth pre 2.3 In source	3.1 vario ildingessure 3.1 ces to	3.2 us de fincle loa 3.2 dete	3.3 esignudinds. 3.3	3.4 □ loadi g dea 3.4 □	s and 4.1 s that d, live	transfers 4.2 may e, snow, 4.2
SDE-A.1 SDE-A.2	Given a struapplied load Lesson: Identify and influence the wind, earthout Lesson: Use building	diffe e strujuake	1.2 rential cuctural e, floo	2.1 Lite be li des d, an Lite be d, an lite doth	2.2 tweetign od ear 2.2 er re	2.3 In the f a burth prescompt	3.1 vario ilding essure 3.1 conent.	3.2 us de incle loa 3.2 v dete	3.3 esignudinds. 3.3 rminds	3.4 I loading dea 3.4 C des	s and 4.1 s that d, live 4.1 g ign lo	transfers 4.2 may e, snow, 4.2
SDE-A.1 SDE-A.2 SDE-A.3	Given a struapplied load Lesson: Identify and influence the wind, earthor Lesson: Use building deflection line	diffeestrujuake	1.2 rential uctural e, floo	2.1 des d, an 2.1 d oth structure 2.1	2.2 tweetign od ear 2.2 er re ural of 2.2	2.3 In the f a burth prescompce 2.3 In the factor component 2.3	vario ilding essure 3.1	3.2 us de fincle loa 3.2 dete 3.2	3.3 esignudinds. 3.3 rmin	3.4 I loading dea 3.4 C des	s and 4.1 s that d, live 4.1 g ign lo	transfers 4.2 may s, snow, 4.2 ading and

SDE-B.		ropriate bear commercial t				•	suppo	ort de	sign	load	s for a	a give	n simply
	SDE-B.1	Determine re supported b									nt resi	ulting	in a simply
		Lesson:					2.3	3.1		3.3		4.1 ✓	4.2 □
	SDE-B.2	Sketch sheat force and be condition to	endin	g mo	ment	resu	Iting f	rom t					e of shear iven loading
		Lesson:		1.2	2.1 □		2.3	3.1	3.2 •		3.4	4.1	4.2 □
	SDE-B.3	Calculate the loading cond			on of a	a sim	ply su	ippor	ted b	eam	subje	ected	to a given
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
	SDE-B.4	Use structur structural be			s soft	ware	to an	alyze	and	desi	gn sir	nply s	supported
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
	SDE-B.5	Use load-sp composite fl							eme	nts, e	espec	ially n	netal decks,
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1 •	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2
SDE-C.	Size sprea	d footings to	safe	ly sup	port	struc	tural o	desig	n loa	ds.		•	
	SDE-C.1	Identify and types.	desc	ribe t	he ap	prop	riate	applic	catio	n of v	/ariou	s four	ndation
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2		2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓		3.4	4.1	4.2
	SDE-C.2	Determine through a fo			ansfe	erred	from	a ste	el fra	med	struc	ture t	o the ground
		Lesson:	1.1	1.2		2.2 □	2.3	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □

Utilities and Services (UAS):

Building professionals size services and utilities and design internal systems to adequately meet
the equipment and occupant demands and comply with local regulations and codes.

UAS-A. Size and locate new utility service connections for a building project.

UAS-A. Size and ic	cate new util	iity se	ervice	e conr	iectio	ons to	rabu	ıllain	g pro	oject.		
UAS-A.1	Identify typical utility services required for a building, transmission/distribution methods for each utility, and methods for measuring usage.											
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2		3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
UAS-A.2 Interpret and apply code requirements and constraints as they pertain to the installation of services and utilities.												pertain to
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □
UAS-A.3	Calculate the supply syste		ad los	ss and	d esti	mate	the w	ater	pres	sure 1	for a g	given water
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1		2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 •	4.2 □
UAS-A.4	UAS-A.4 Identify and describe wastewater management systems including publicly owned treatment works and on-site and decentralized wastewater treatment systems.											
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1		2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3 ✓	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
UAS-A.5 Design an appropriate sewer lateral that complies with applicable codes for a given facility.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1 ✓	4.2 □
UAS-B. Create pre	liminary desi	gns f	or plu	ımbin	g an	d elec	trical	syst	ems	for a	buildii	ng project.
UAS-B. Create preliminary designs for plumbing and electrical systems for a building project. UAS-B.1 Identify common plumbing system components, proper usage, and symbols used to represent those components in plumbing plans.												and symbols
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
UAS-B.2 Identify common electrical system components, proper usage, and symbols used to represent those components in electrical/lighting plans.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □
UAS-B.3 Use building codes to inform the design of plumbing, electrical, and waste systems for a building project.												
	Lesson:	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 □	2.3 •	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2 □

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